§ 285.5

(4) When necessary to facilitate the boarding or when requested by an authorized officer, provide a manrope or safety line, and illumination for the ladder; and

(5) Take such other actions as necessary to facilitate boarding and to ensure the safety of the authorized officer

and the boarding party.

- (f) Signals. The following signals, extracted from the International Code of Signals, may be sent by flashing light by an enforcement unit when conditions do not allow communications by loudhailer or radiotelephone. Knowledge of these signals by vessel operators is not required. However, knowledge of these signals and appropriate action by a vessel operator may preclude the necessity of sending the signal "L" and the necessity for the vessel to stop instantly.
- (1) "AA" repeated (.- .-) is the call to an unknown station. The operator of the signaled vessel should respond by identifying the vessel by radiotelephone or by illuminating the vessel's identification.
- (2) "RY-CY" (.-. -.— -.-. -.—) means "you should proceed at slow speed, a boat is coming to you." This signal is normally employed when conditions allow an enforcement boarding without the necessity of the vessel being boarded coming to a complete stop, or, in some cases, without retrieval of fishing gear which may be in the water.
- (3) "SQ3" (... —.- ...—) means "you should stop or heave to; I am going to board you."

[50 FR 43498, Oct. 25, 1985; 50 FR 45828, Nov. 4, 1985, as amended at 53 FR 24645, June 29, 1988]

§285.5 Civil procedures.

- (a) The method for assessment of civil penalties for violation of these rules or the Act must be in accordance with the procedures set forth in 15 CFR part 904.
- (b) In view of the perishable nature of tuna when not processed otherwise than by chilling or freezing, authorized officers may cause to be sold, for not less than its reasonable market value, unchilled or unfrozen tunas that may be seized and forfeited under the Act and this part.
- (c) The purchaser must remit the proceeds of any sale made under para-

graph (b) of this section to the Director. The Director will deposit and retain the proceeds in the Suspense Account of NMFS (Account No. DO 6875—Phase 19) after deducting the reasonable cost of the sale, if any, pending judgement of the court or other disposition of the case.

[50 FR 43398, Oct. 25, 1985, as amended at 53 FR 24645, June 29, 1988; 57 FR 32923, July 24, 1992]

§ 285.6 Civil penalities.

Any person who:

- (a) Violates any provisions of §285.3 (a), (b), or (f) of this part will be assessed a civil penalty of not more than \$25,000 for a first violation and a civil penalty of not more than \$50,000 for any subsequent violation;
- (b) Violates any provision of §285.3 (c) or (d) of this part will be assessed a civil penalty of not more than \$1,000 for a first violation and a civil penalty of not more than \$5,000 for any subsequent violation; or
- (c) Violates any provision of §285.3(e) will be assessed a civil penalty of not more than \$100,000.

[50 FR 43398, Oct. 25, 1985, as amended at 52 FR 25012, July 2, 1987]

§285.7 Experimental fishing exemption.

- (a) Upon a written request received at least 30 days before the desired effective date, the Director, in order to provide for the conduct of experimental fishing to gather data needed to make management decisions for the Atlantic tuna resources or fisheries, may exempt any person or vessel from specific requirements of this part.
- (b) A request for an exemption must be in writing and received by the Director at least thirty (30) days before the desired effective date. The request must specify any vessel(s) involved, describe the gear to be used, the manner in which the gear will be fished, the duration of the activity, the area where the activity will be conducted, the species of tuna that will be caught, the anticipated bycatch, the port(s) involved and the disposition of the catch, both domestic and foreign. The request must include any fee specified by the Director pursuant to §285.7(e).